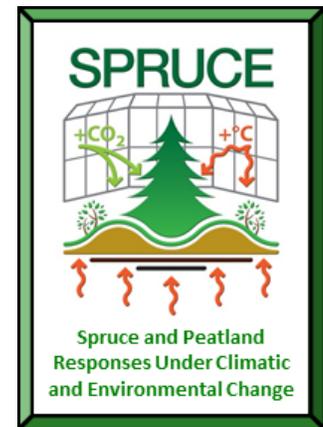


# SPRUCE S1 Bog and SPRUCE Experiment Aerial Photographs

## Summary:

This data set provides a record of the aerial photographs taken of the S1-Bog on the Marcell Experimental Forest and the SPRUCE experimental site within the S1-Bog.



Oak Ridge National Laboratory contracted the acquisition of these photographs from Airways Aviation, Grand Rapids, Minnesota at various times during 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015. The aerial photographs of the S1 Bog and SPRUCE experimental site were collected to capture seasonal conditions of the bog and surrounding upland areas, and to track progress of the SPRUCE infrastructure construction activities on and around the S1 Bog of the Marcell Experimental Forest.

Eight historical aerial photographs of the S1 Bog covering a period from 1968 through 1978 are also included. Historical photos were provided by Steven Sebestyen of the USDA Forests Service Northern Research Station. The earliest photo covers pre-harvest conditions and photographs surrounding the sequential harvests of the S1-Bog in 1969 and 1974 with follow up photos through 1978.

Additional aerial photographs may be acquired and will be added to this data set.



Figure 1. Aerial photographs of the S1 Bog in 1968 and the April 16, 2015 view of emerging SPRUCE experiment infrastructure.

## Data and Documentation Access

### Get Data

For public access to SPRUCE data please visit the SPRUCE Web

Site: <http://mnspruce.ornl.gov/>

### Description and Links to Supplemental Information

Marcell Experimental Forest Website: <http://www.nrs.fs.fed.us/ef/locations/mn/marcell/>

SPRUCE Project Website with project plans and additional information: <http://mnspruce.ornl.gov/>

SPRUCE Data Policy - Sharing, Access, and Use

Recommendations: <http://mnspruce.ornl.gov/content/spruce-data-policies>

### Related Data Sets:

TBD

## Data Citation:

### Cite this data set as follows:

Hanson, P.J. 2015. SPRUCE S1 Bog and SPRUCE Experiment Aerial Photographs. Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, U.S. Department of Energy, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, U.S.A. <http://dx.doi.org/10.3334/CDIAC/spruce.012> (list file name)

- **Please include the specific image file name(s) that contains the acquisition date and original ID number either in the figure caption of with the citation.**

## SPRUCE Project Description

SPRUCE (Spruce and Peatland Responses Under Climatic and Environmental Change) is an experiment to assess the response of northern peatland ecosystems to increases in temperature and exposures to elevated atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations. It is a key component of the Terrestrial Ecosystem Science Scientific Focus Area of ORNL's Climate Change Program, focused on terrestrial ecosystems and the mechanisms that underlie their responses to climatic change. The experimental work is to be conducted in a *Picea mariana* [black spruce] – *Sphagnum* spp. bog forest in northern Minnesota, 40 km north of Grand

Rapids, in the USDA Forest Service Marcell Experimental Forest (MEF). The site is located at the southern margin of the boreal forest. It is an ecosystem considered especially vulnerable to climate change, and anticipated to be near its tipping point with respect to climate change. Responses to warming and interactions with increased atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentration are anticipated to have important feedbacks on the atmosphere and climate, because of the high carbon stocks harbored by peatlands.

Experimental work in the 8.1-ha S1 bog will be a climate change manipulation focusing on the combined responses to multiple levels of warming at ambient or elevated CO<sub>2</sub> (eCO<sub>2</sub>) levels. The experiment provides a platform for testing mechanisms controlling the vulnerability of organisms, biogeochemical processes and ecosystems to climatic change (e.g., thresholds for organism decline or mortality, limitations to regeneration, biogeochemical limitations to productivity, the cycling and release of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> to the atmosphere).

The manipulation will evaluate the response of the existing biological communities to a range of warming levels from ambient to +9°C, provided via large, modified open-top enclosures. All temperatures, ambient through the +9°C warming treatment, will also be conducted at eCO<sub>2</sub> (in the range of 800 to 900 ppm). Both direct and indirect effects of these experimental perturbations will be analyzed to develop and refine models needed for full Earth system analyses.

## **Marcell Experimental Forest**

Stream flow, weather, and well data collection began on the Marcell Experimental Forest in 1960. This 1100-ha site has six calibrated watersheds, each consisting of a mineral soil upland and organic soil peatland; an intermittent or perennial stream drains each peatland and its larger watershed. Formally established in 1962, the Marcell contains two units on land owned by the USDA Forest Service, Chippewa National Forest, State of Minnesota, Itasca County, and a private individual. Previous and ongoing research addresses the ecology and hydrology of peatland. Research concerns typical upland/wetland watersheds in the Lake States, atmospheric chemistry, nutrient cycling, soil quality, tree-stand dynamics, and a variety of watershed treatments applied to upland or bogs to investigate impacts on water yield, peak stream flow, water quality and nutrient processing.

## **SPRUCE Sponsor**

Research sponsored by the [Office of Biological and Environmental Research](#) within the [U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Science](#).

The SPRUCE experiment is a multi-year cooperative interaction among scientists of the [Oak Ridge National Laboratory](#) operated by UT-Battelle, LLC and the U.S. Forest Service, [Northern Research Station, Marcell Experimental Forest](#).

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## 1. Data Set Overview:

This data set provides a record of the contracted aerial photographs taken of the S1-Bog on the Marcell Experimental Forest and the SPRUCE experimental site within the S1-Bog. At various times during 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015 aerial photographs of the S1-Bog and SPRUCE experimental site were collected under contract with Airways Aviation of Grand Rapids, Minnesota to capture seasonal conditions of the bog and surrounding upland areas, and to track progress of the construction required to install the SPRUCE experiment on the S1-Bog.

A number of historical aerial photographs of the S1-Bog were also provided by Steven Sebestyen of the USDA Forests Service Northern Research Station covering a period from 1968 through 1978. The earlier record covers a pre-harvest conditions and photographs surrounding the sequential harvest of the S1-Bog in 1969 and 1974 with follow up photos through 1978.

## 2. Data Characteristics:

Images obtained during each ORNL contracted flight were saved as JPEG files (\*.jpg). During each flight a large number of images were collected, but many missed the target area or were of insufficient quality to capture surface characteristics. This data set archives the best quality images for the S1-Bog, surrounding areas, and SPRUCE experimental locations within the S1-Bog.

### Spatial Coverage

**Photographic Targets on the S1 Watershed: Lat: 47.506345, Long: -93.452797**

Photos requested for each flight:

1. An overall photograph of the watershed area.
2. Photos of individual segments of the watershed covering the entire length of the watershed (Figure 2). In some cases the segmented photos were combined into a single

high-resolution composite view of the watershed. Most photographs were taken from a vertical/nadir position to maximize the potential to see individual tree canopies.

Notes:

- The trees in the experimental area are quite small.
  - Photos were requested to be acquired at 10-megapixel resolution or better to isolate and detail the vegetation and installed structures.
  - With the use of automated zoom features on the camera, individual photograph resolution varied.
3. In the later dates when SPRUCE infrastructure was installed, we requested oblique photographs of the experimental area for public relations and presentation purposes (Figure 3).

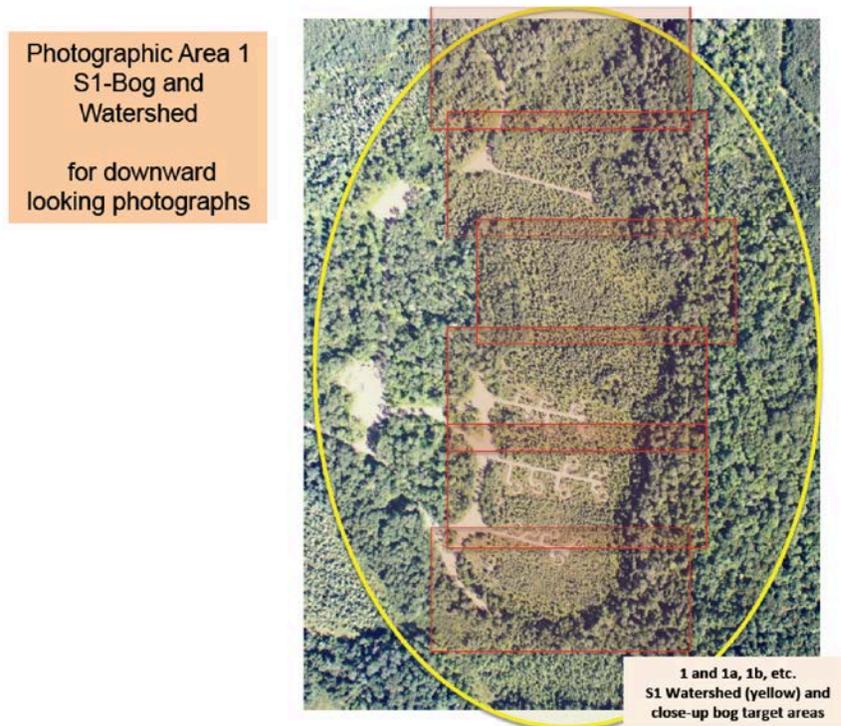


Figure 2. Requested photographs to be taken from a vertical position to maximize the potential to see individual tree canopies.

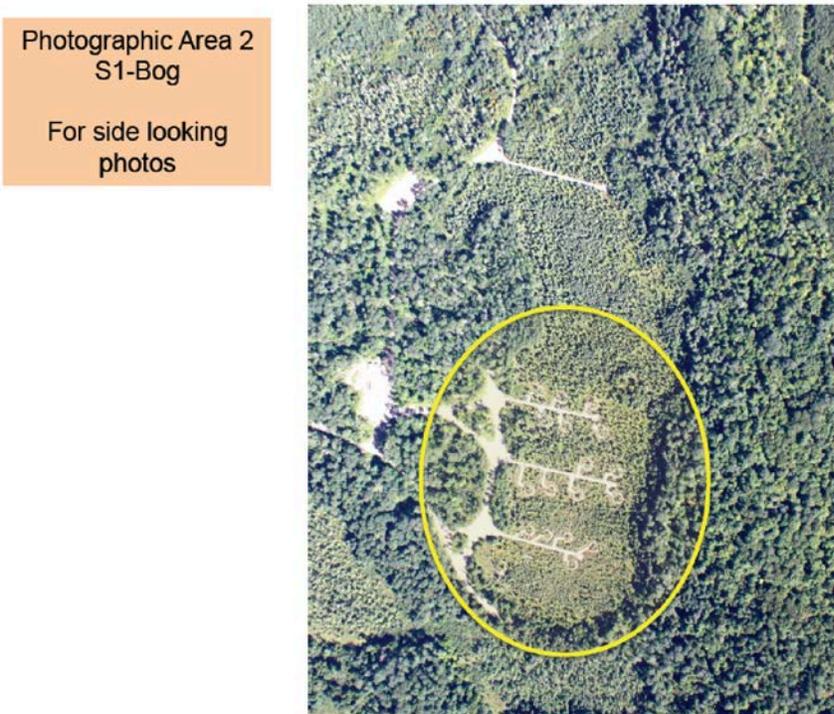


Figure 3. Oblique photographs were requested for the experimental area.

## Spatial Resolution

With the use of automated zoom features on the camera, individual photograph resolution varied. Infrastructure features on the photos have known dimensions that facilitate scale comparisons (Figure 4).

## Dimensions of Infrastructure Features

Transect 1 length: 88 meters

Transect 2 length: 108 meters

Transect 3 length: 93 meters

Distance from Transect 1 to Transect 3: 144 meters

Flux Collar diameter: 1.3 meters

Boardwalk Deck width: 2.4 meters

Experimental Response Area inside diameter: ~9 meters

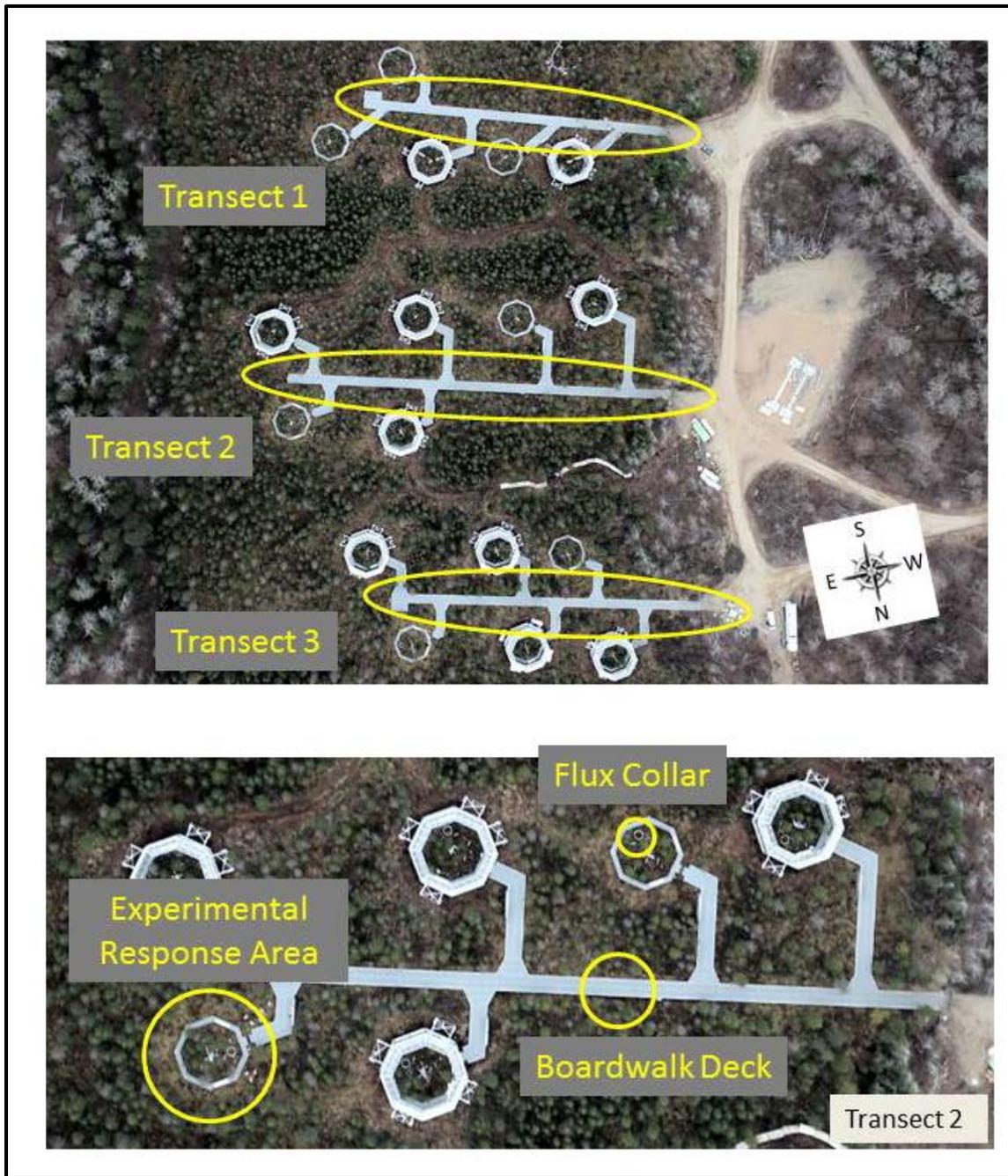


Figure 4. Infrastructure features on the photos have known dimensions that facilitate scale comparisons. Source photo: AP\_2015.04.16\_SPRUCE\_IMG\_6560.jpg

## Temporal Coverage

**Time period:** Photographs were obtained on designated dates during a period from 10 AM to 2 PM Central Time. Slight overcast for these photos was ultimately considered an advantage, because it reduces and sometime eliminates shadows which can obscure surface detail.

**Table 1. Archived aerial photographs by date, season, type, and number of each type.**

Year	Month	Day	Season	S1-Bog Images	SPRUCE Site Images	Oblique Images
<b>Historical USDA FS Marcell Experimental Forest Images</b>						
1968	Mar	18	Late Winter – Undisturbed Bog	0	0	2
1969	Mar	14	Late Winter – post strip cutting	0	0	1
1969	??	??	Summer	0	0	1
1972	??	??	Winter	0	0	1
1975	Aug	18	Summer – Color Infrared	1 Composite	0	1
1976	??	??	Summer	0	0	1
<b>Aerial Photographs Acquired by Oak Ridge National Laboratory</b>						
2009	Sep	29	Summer	1	0	2
2010	Mar	4	Winter	2	0	0
2010	Mar	22	Winter no snow	1 Composite	2	1
2010	Sep	1	Summer with sun	3	1	0
2010	Sep	9	Summer diffuse light	1	3	0
2011	Oct	25	Late Autumn – Diffuse	1	3	0
2011	Nov	3	Late Autumn - Sun	2	2	0
2011	Dec	1	Winter sun	2	4	0
2012	Jan	30	Winter sun	3	1	0
2012	May	22	Spring	1	0	0
2012	Jun	22	Summer - sun	1	4	0
2012	Jul	23	Summer - sun	1	1	0
2012	Aug	20	Summer - sun	2	1	0
2012	Dec	12	Winter - Diffuse	0	4	3
2013	Jul	2	Summer - sun	2	0	3
2013	Sep	25	Late Summer - Diffuse	1	1	2
2014	Sep	2	Late Summer	1	1	1
2014	Sep	23	Autumn	1	1	2
2014	Nov	21	Early winter	1	1	3
2014	Dec	31	Winter	1	1	1
2015	Feb	25	Winter	0	1	1
2015	Apr	16	Late Winter – no snow	0	4	5
2015	Jun		Planned flight - Summer	?	?	?
2015	Sep		Planned flight - Autumn	?	?	?

There are eight historical FS provided photos and 89 recent images. Additional aerial photographs may be acquired and will be added to this data set.

## Data File Description

Photos are named according to the following syntax:

File name: AP\_2015.02.25\_SPRUCE\_IMG\_6321.jpg

Where:

AP\_ = aerial photograph

yyyy.mm.dd\_ = acquisition date of photo

“Target of photo\_” = SPRUCE\_IMG, S1Bog\_Composite, SPRUCEBuildings, stripcut, etc.

XXXXxxxx = the original photograph identifier. Two Forest Service identifiers include the photographers initials -- RRB = tbd?.

**User Note: Higher resolution images may be available for some images.**

## Companion File Descriptions

None

## 3. Data Application and Derivation:

The aerial photographs of the S1 Bog and SPRUCE experimental site were collected to capture seasonal conditions of the bog and surrounding upland areas, and to track progress of the SPRUCE infrastructure construction activities on and around the S1 Bog of the Marcell Experimental Forest.

## 4. Quality Assessment:

These data are considered at **Quality Level 1**. During each flight a large number of images were collected, but many missed the target area or were of insufficient quality to capture surface characteristics. This data set archives the best quality images for the S1-Bog, surrounding areas, and SPRUCE experimental locations within the S1-Bog.

## 5. Data Acquisition Materials and Methods:

### Site Description:

The site is the 8.1-ha S1 bog, a *Picea mariana* [black spruce] – Sphagnum spp. ombrotrophic bog forest in northern Minnesota, 40 km north of Grand Rapids, in the USDA Forest Service Marcell Experimental Forest (MEF). The S1 bog was harvested in successive strip cuts in 1969 and 1974 and the cut areas were allowed to naturally regenerate. The 1974 strips are characterized by medium density of 3-5 meter black spruce and larch trees with an open canopy. The 1969 harvest strips are characterized by a higher density of 3-5 meter black spruce and larch trees with a generally closed canopy.

## 6. References:

TBD: Source of the USDA FS photos.

## 7. Data Access:

This data is available through the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center (CDIAC)

### Data Archive Center:

### Contact for Data Center Access Information:

E-mail: <http://cdiacservices.ornl.gov/feedback.cfm>