



SPRUCE Nitrogen and Phosphorus Budgets

SPRUCE 2025 All Hands Meeting

13 May 2025

Minneapolis, MN



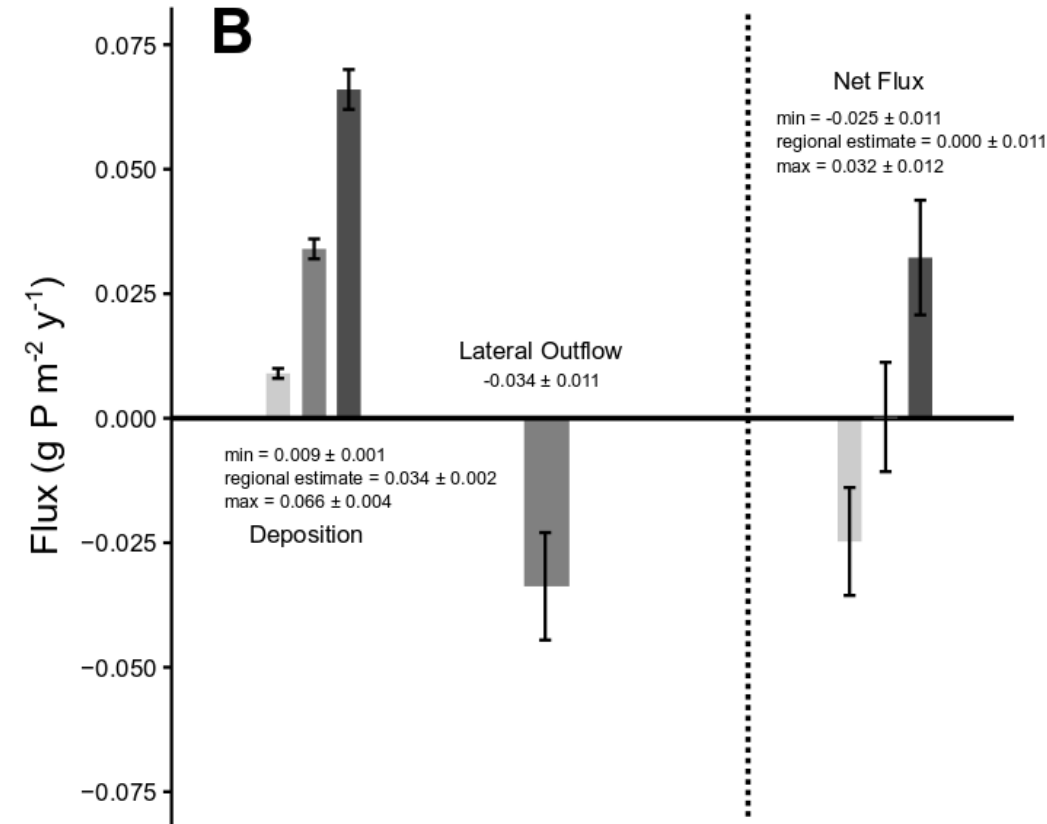
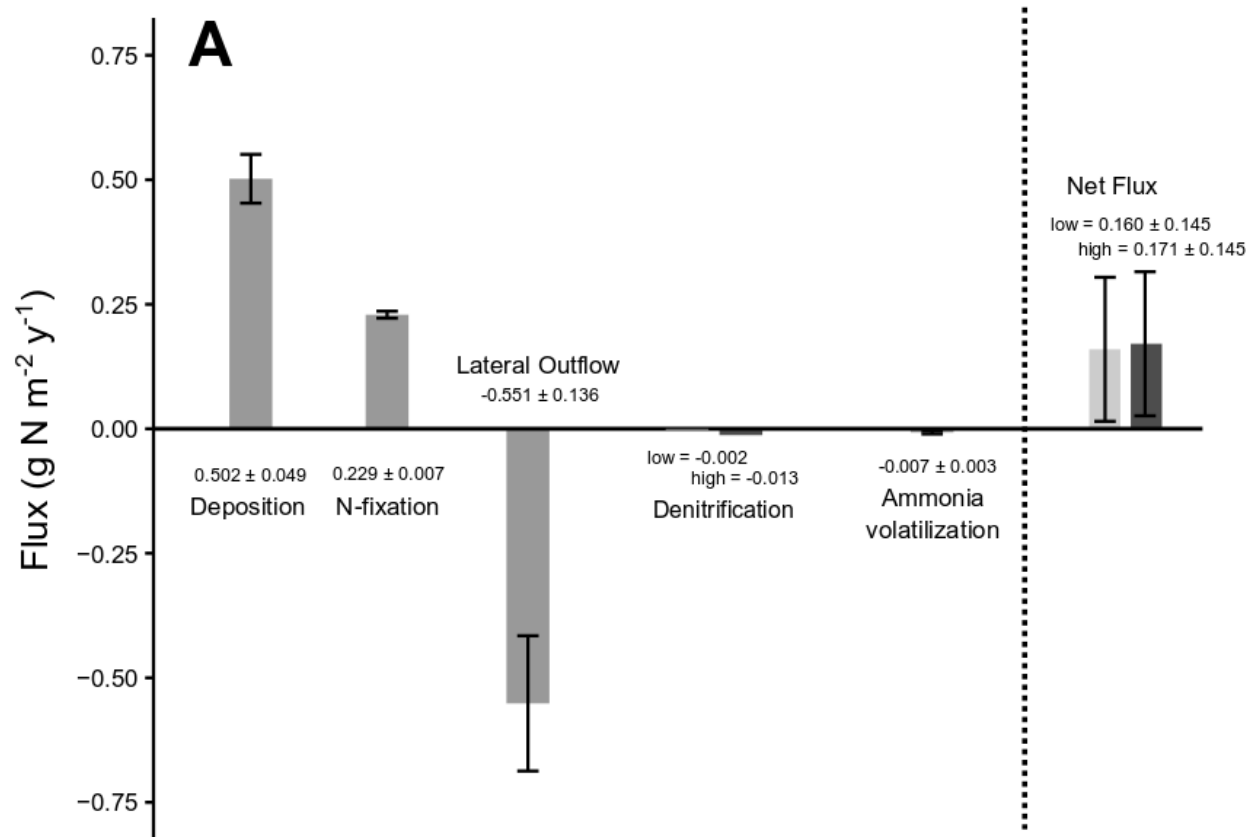
Verity G. Salmon (salmonvg@ornl.gov)

~On behalf of the broader SPRUCE team~



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Pretreatment N & P Budget

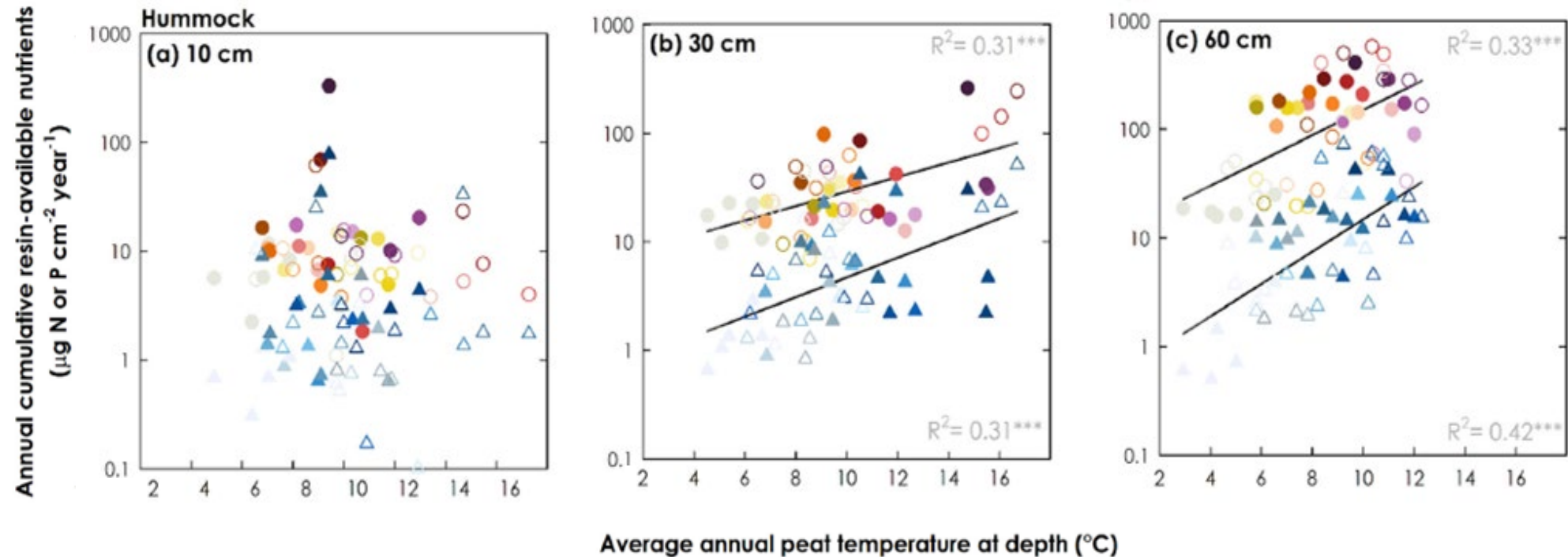


N & P colimitation

N accumulating at $\sim 0.2 \text{ g N m}^{-2} \text{y}^{-1}$

Fluxes in/out of vegetation $\sim 10\times$ greater than in/out of ecosystem

N & P availability increases with warming



- N and P availability increases with warming, especially below 30 cm
- Increases were concurrent with decline of *Sphagnum* moss
- Later years see **negative** interaction between warming and eCO₂ in surface soils

Science Question:

Are plants acquiring more nutrients with warming?

Is there evidence of changing nutrient limitation?

2016-2023

Aboveground Biomass

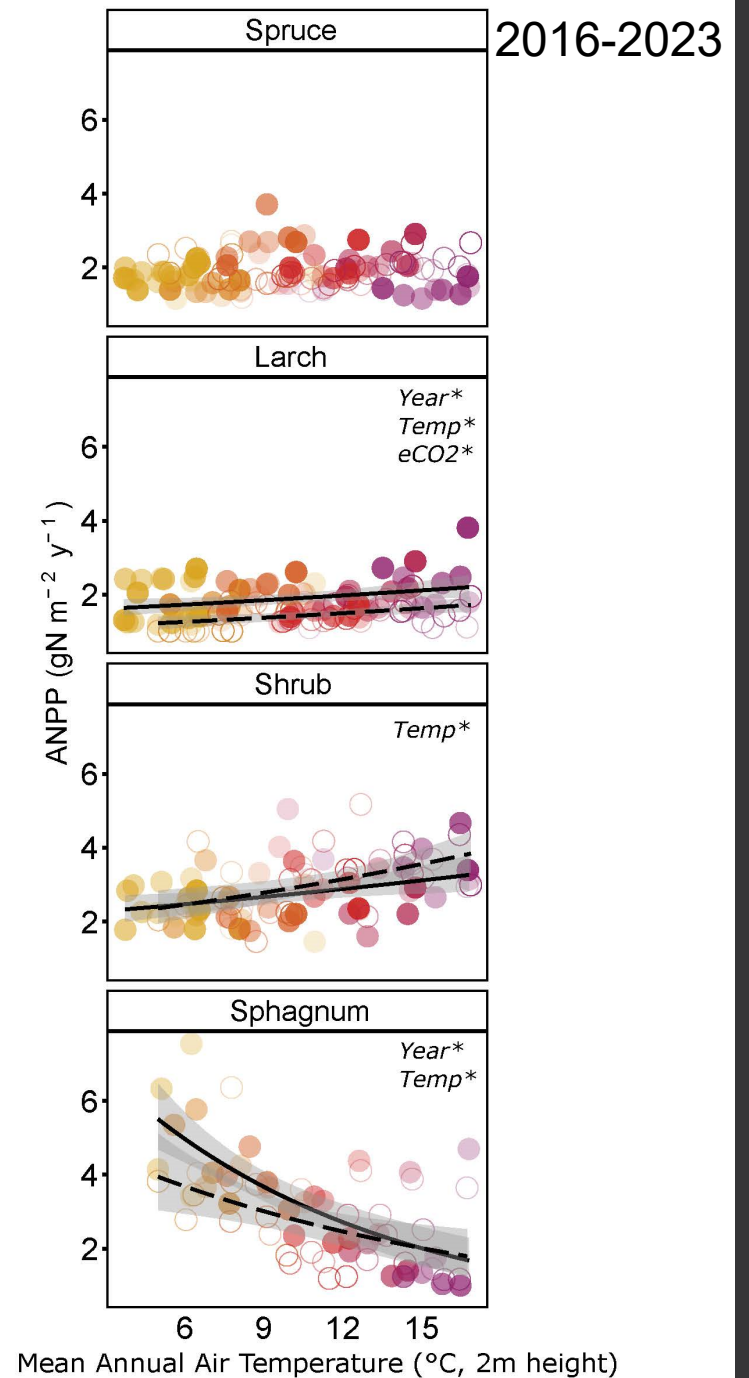
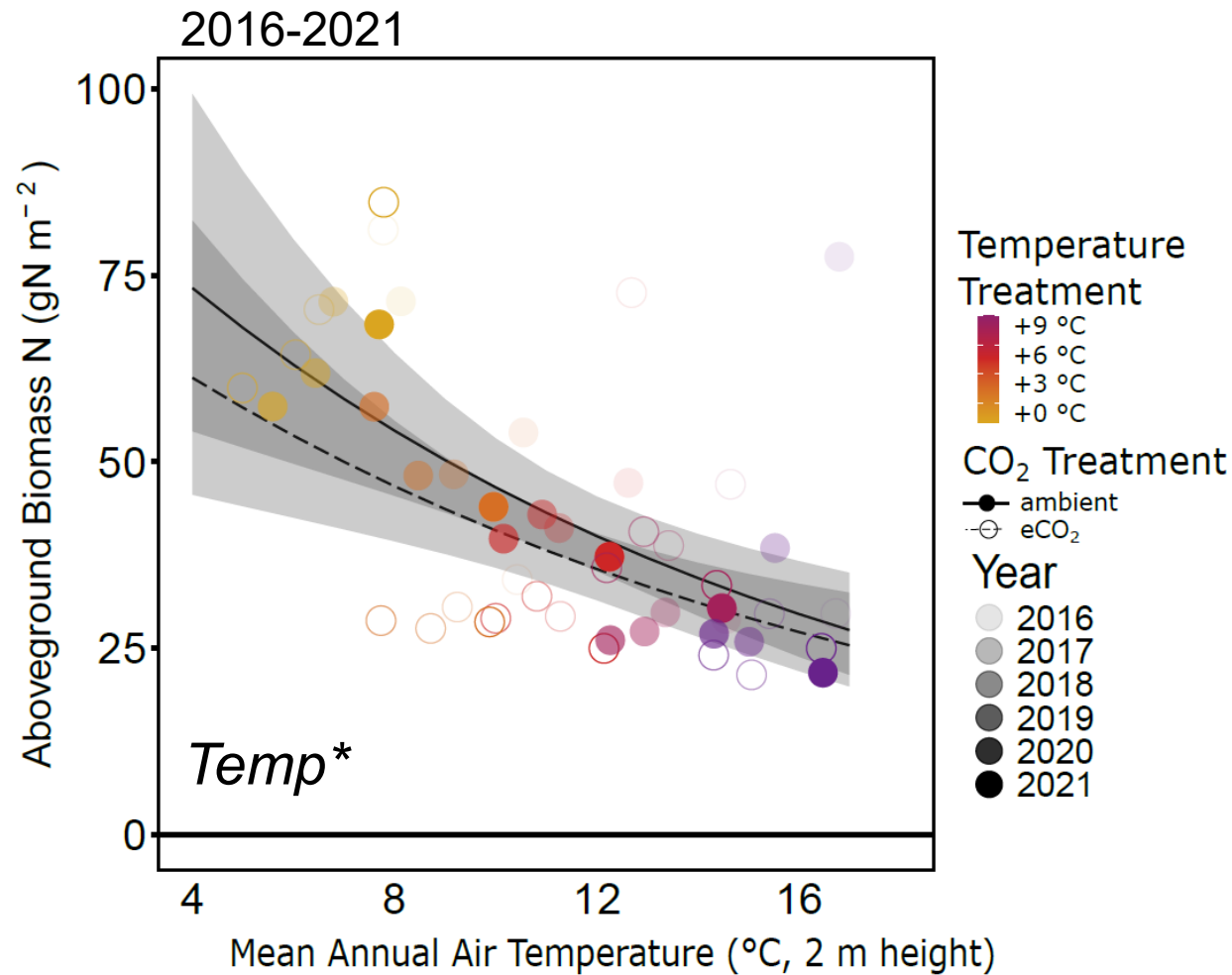
Aboveground NPP

%CNP

preliminary values

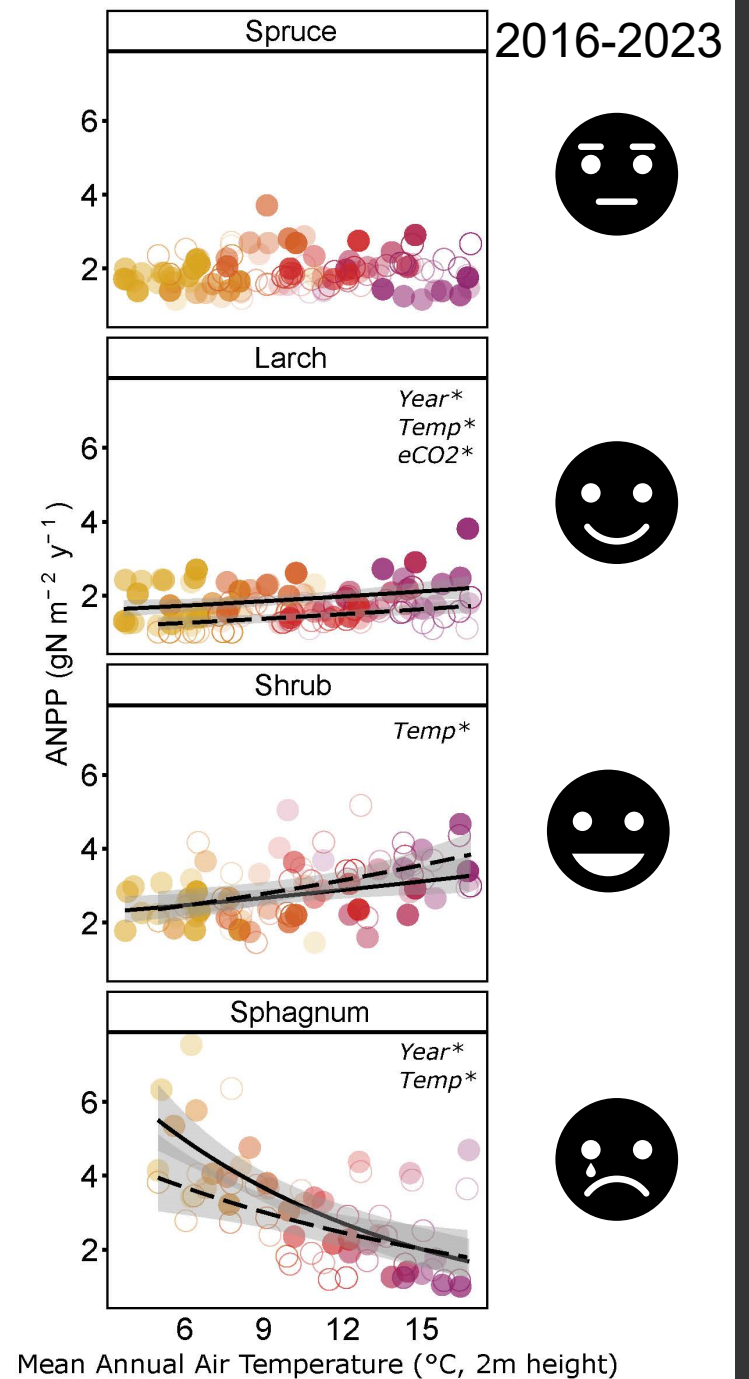
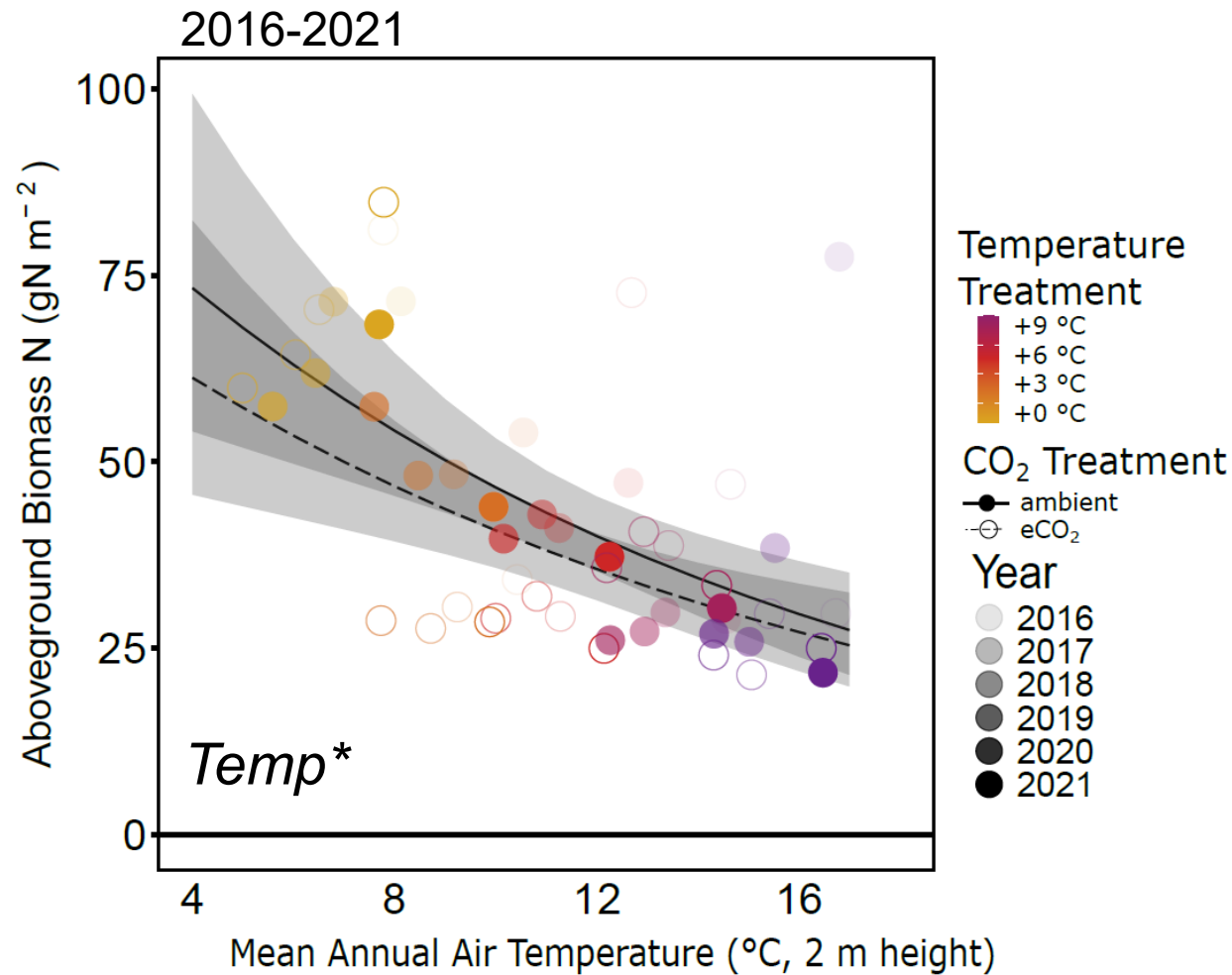


Sphagnum N losses with warming dominate



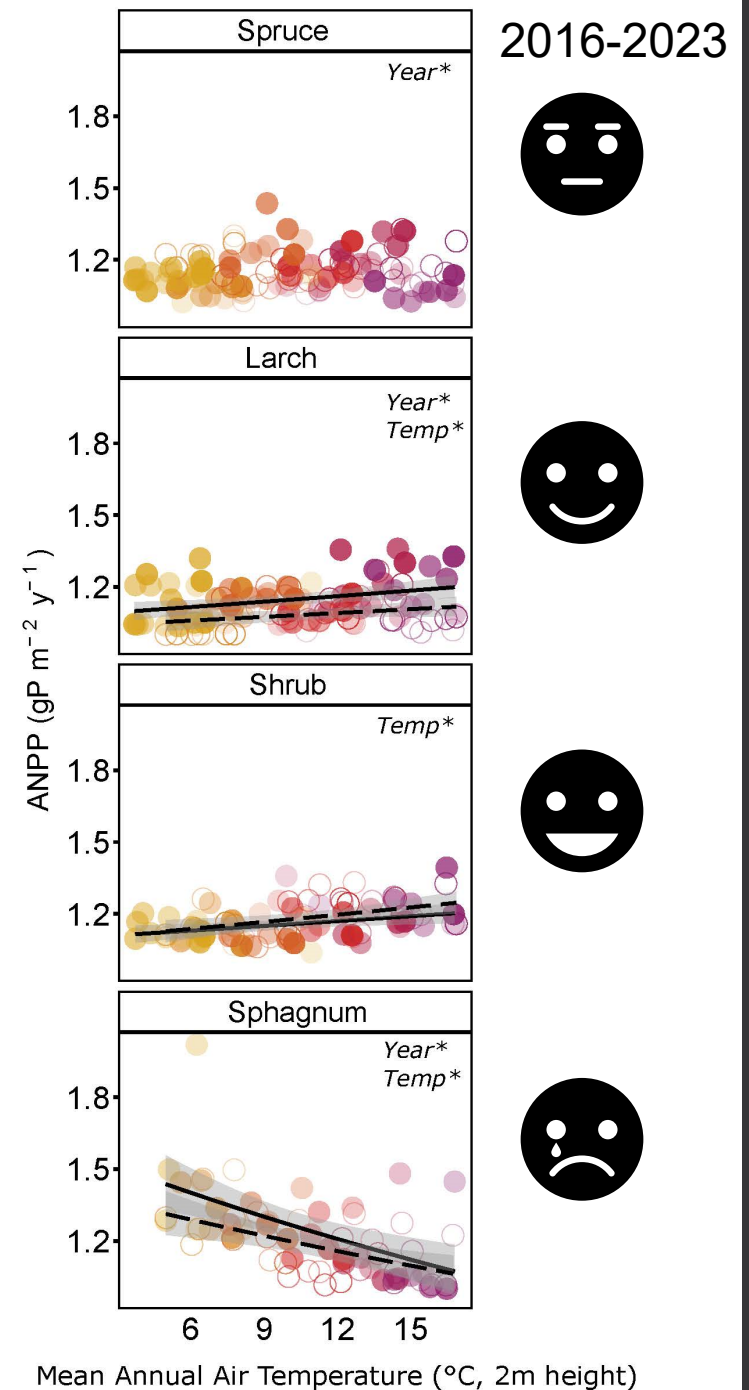
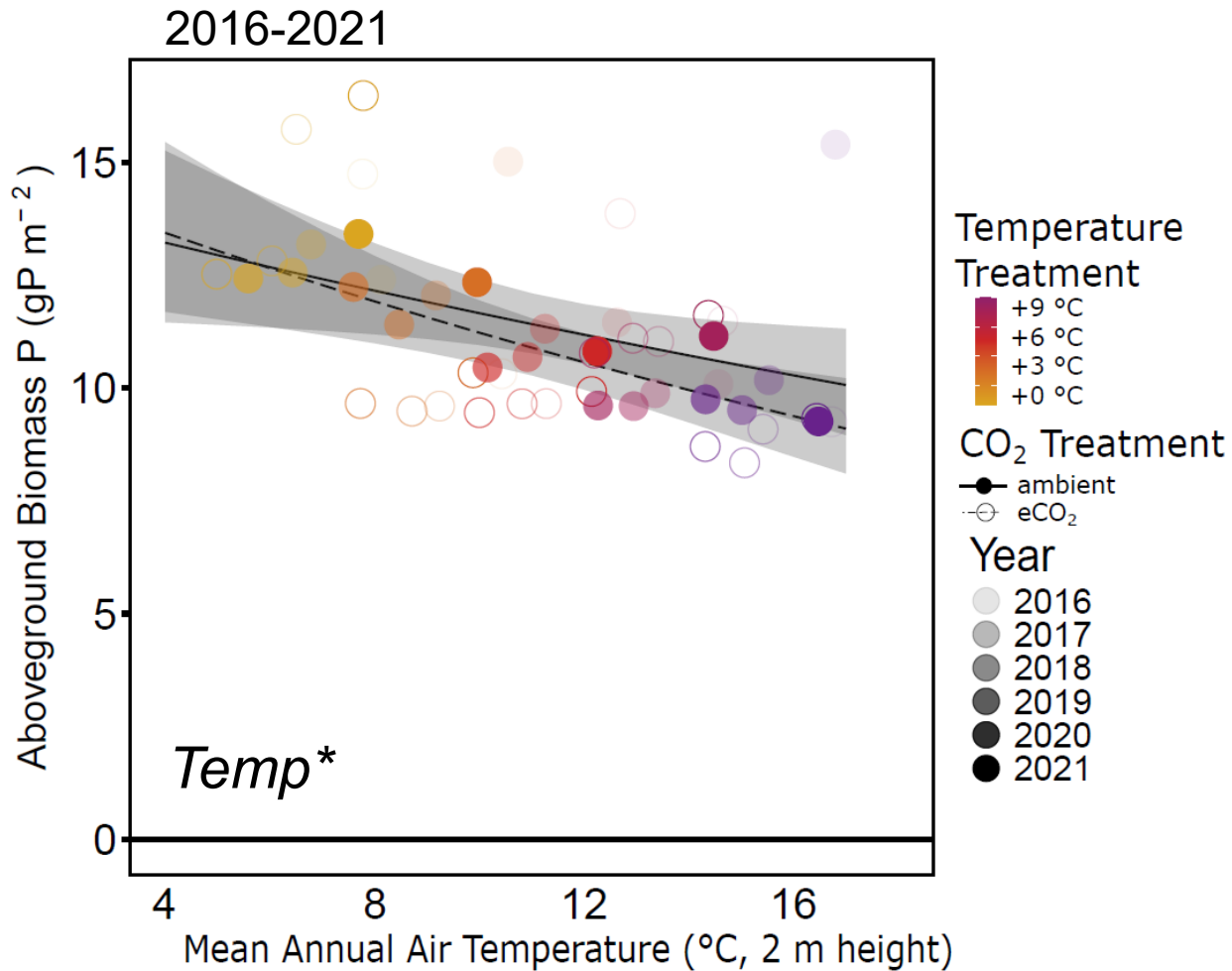
N~ Year + Temp + eCO₂ + Temp x eCO₂

Sphagnum N losses with warming dominate



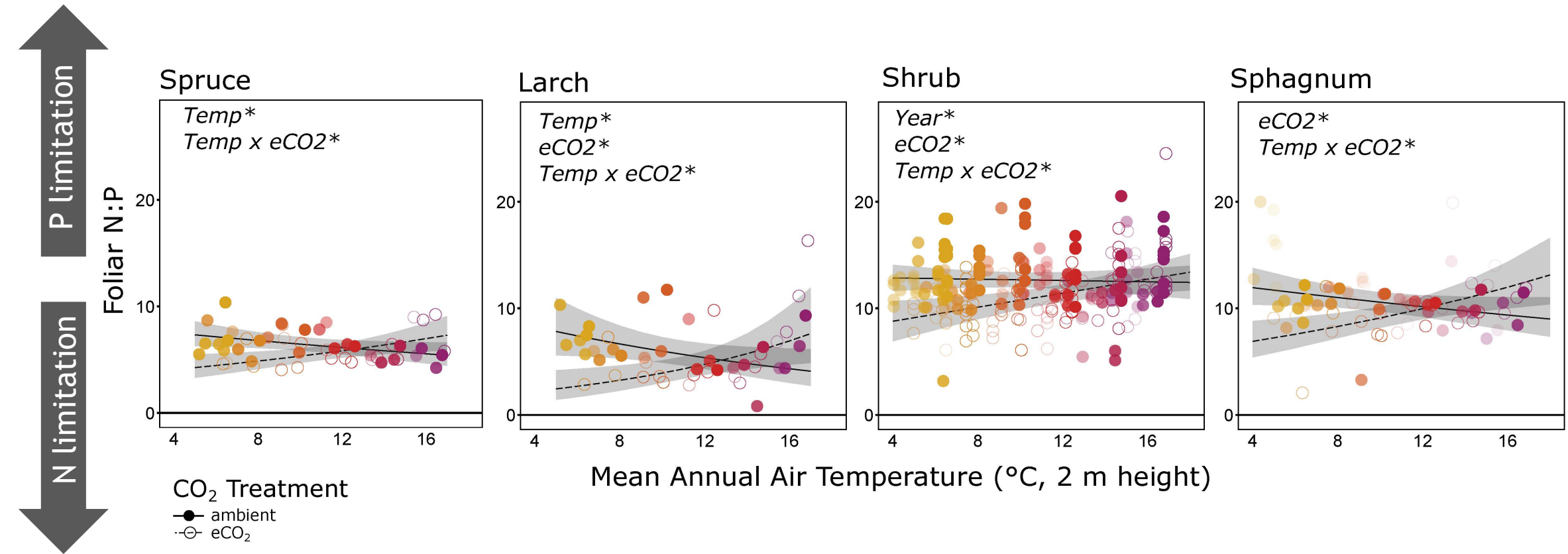
N~ Year + Temp + eCO₂ + Temp x eCO₂

Sphagnum P losses with warming dominate (less)



$$P \sim \text{Year} + \text{Temp} + \text{eCO}_2 + \text{Temp} \times \text{eCO}_2$$

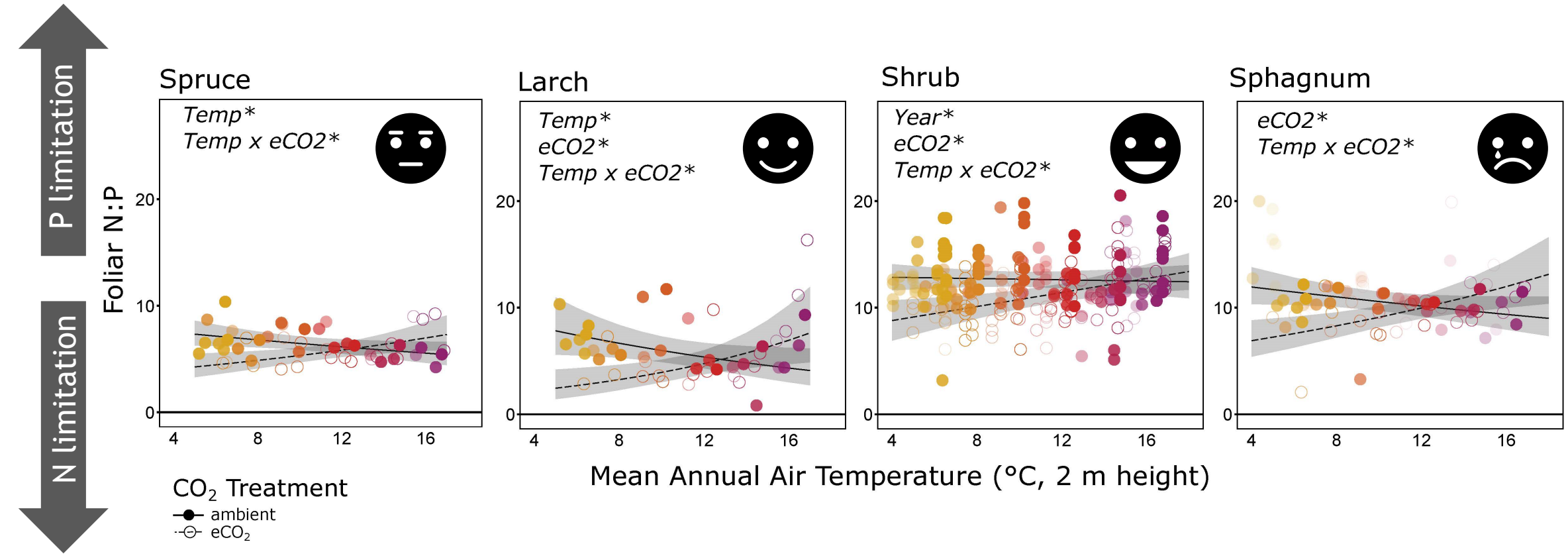
All PFTs show increasing P-limitation with warming & eCO₂



2016-2023

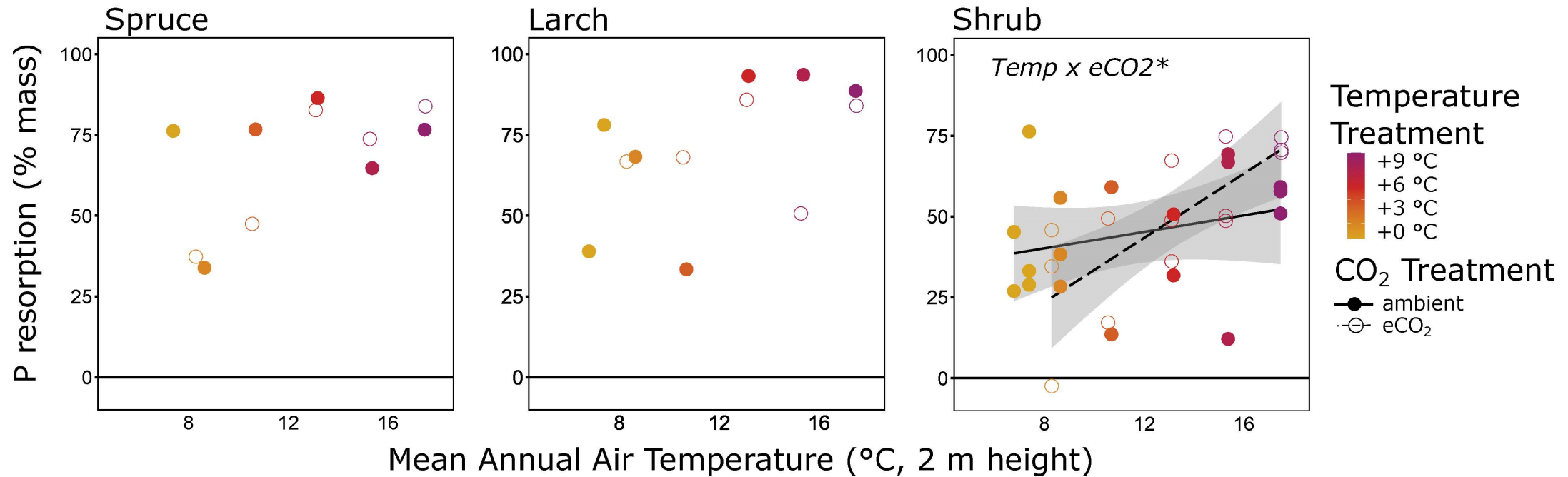
N:P ~ Year + Temp + eCO₂ + Temp x eCO₂ + (1 | Plot)

All PFTs are increasingly P-limited with warming & eCO₂



2016-2023
 N:P~ Year + Temp + eCO₂ + Temp x eCO₂ + (1 | Plot)

Shrubs are increasingly efficient at resorbing P with warming & eCO₂



2024

P resorption ~ Temp + eCO₂ + Temp x eCO₂

Warming x eCO₂ interactions



This dataset:

- Increasing P limitation with combined warming and eCO₂, not related to ANPP
- Shrubs have increased P resorption efficiency with combined warming and eCO₂

Other Insights:

- 2023 Aboveground biomass of shrubs has **positive** interaction between warming and eCO₂ (Hanson et al. 2025)
- Fine root pool of shrubs has **positive** interaction between warming and eCO₂ (Weber et al. In prep)

Sampling plans



- Sphagnum depth and density
- Litter resorption per unit leaf area
- Cohorts of Spruce needles
- Woody tissue %NP
- Coarse roots allometries
- Fine root productivity, biomass, NP
- Peat NP
- NP in deposition versus outflow
- NP in porewater

Are plants acquiring more nutrients with warming?

- Aboveground biomass N & P pools are decreasing with warming, N is decreasing more than P
- Loss of *Sphagnum* pools and fluxes have not been compensated for by aboveground N & P cycling of other PFTs
- Shrubs and Larch show signs of increasing N & P acquisition warming

Is there evidence of changing nutrient limitation?

- All PFTs show signs of increasing P limitation when warming and eCO₂ are combined
- P limitation does not appear to be driven by demand of PFT
- Successful shrubs may be accumulating P and causing P limitation of other PFTs

